

When Do Children and Teens Need Vaccinations?

Age	HepB Hepatitis B	RSV- mAb	DTaP/Tdap Diphtheria, tetanus, pertussis (whooping cough)	Hib <i>Haemophilus influenzae</i> type b	IPV Polio	PCV Pneumo- coccal conjugate	RV Rotavirus	MMR Measles, mumps, rubella	Vari- cella Chickenpox	HepA Hepatitis A	COVID-19	Dengue	HPV Human papillomavirus	Men- ACWY	MenB	Influenza Flu		
at Birth	✓	✓ ² (0–7 mos)																
2 months	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓											
4 months	✓ ¹		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓											
6 months	✓		✓	✓ ¹	✓ (6–18 mos)	✓	✓ ¹				✓ ⁴ COVID-19 vaccine is recommended for everyone age 6 months and older					✓ (6 mos and older)		
8 months	(6–18 mos)																	
12 months		✓ ² (8–19 mos)																
15 months			✓ ³ (15–18 mos)	✓ (12–15 mos)	✓ (12–15 mos)	✓ (12–15 mos)	✓✓ (2 doses given 6 months apart routinely at age 12–23 months)											
18 months																		
19–23 months																		
4–6 years			✓		✓			✓	✓	HepA vaccine (2 doses) is also recommended for children and teens not previously vaccinated								
7–10 years																		Influenza vaccine is recommen- ed every year for everyone age 6 months and older
11–12 years			✓ (Tdap)										✓✓✓ ⁵ Dengue vaccine is recommended for certain children	✓✓ ^{6,7}	✓			
13–15 years																		
16–18 years														✓	✓✓ 8,9,10			

One dose each fall or winter. Some children younger than age 9 years need 2 doses; ask your child's healthcare provider if your child needs more than 1 dose.

NOTES 1 Your child may not need this dose depending on the brand of vaccine that your healthcare provider uses.

2 Infants whose mother did not receive an RSV vaccination during pregnancy and who are younger than 8 months 0 days should receive RSV preventive antibody (RSV-mAb) before or during the RSV season (typically October through March). Certain high-risk children (8 through 19 months) will need RSV-mAb before their second RSV season.

3 This dose of DTaP may be given as early as age 12 months if it has been 6 months since the previous dose.

4 Children age 5 years or older generally need only one dose. The number of doses for children age 6 months through 4 years is determined by the vaccine brand.

5 Children ages 9 through 16 years who live in Puerto Rico, American Samoa, U.S. Virgin Islands, Federated States of Micronesia, Republic of Marshall Islands, and the Republic of Palau, and have lab-confirmed previous dengue infection are recommended to receive a 3-dose series of dengue vaccine.

6 HPV vaccine is routine at age 11 or 12 years but may be started at age 9.

7 Children with certain medical conditions will need a third dose.

8 This vaccine may be given to healthy teens. It is also recommended for adolescents with certain health conditions.

9 Your teen may need an additional dose depending on your healthcare provider's recommendation.

10 When MenACWY and MenB vaccines are both needed, a MenABCWY combination vaccine may be used.

